

142  
Adm

LIBRARY  
OCT 8 1938  
U. S. Department of Agriculture

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

Volume 1. No. 27

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

The following press releases were issued in Washington by the Press Section of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration during the week ending October 1. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title:

September 27--COURT UPHOLDS POOLING PLAN UNDER WEST COAST WALNUT MARKETING ORDER. (460-39)--A marketing agreement program for walnuts grown in California, Washington, and Oregon has been in effect since October 1933. In 1937 the U. S. District Court at Portland, Oregon, rendered a decision in favor of a handler who contended the legality of the program's provision for a surplus pool. On September 20, 1938 the U.S. Circuit Court at San Francisco reversed the decision of the District Court and upheld the legality of the agreement and order. The release gives some background of the case.

September 27--FSCC SURPLUS PURCHASES TOTAL \$1,650,000 IN TWO-WEEK PERIOD. (461-39)--A summary of Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation operations for the two weeks ending September 21. During that time surplus agricultural commodities costing about \$1,650,000 were bought in 22 states and turned over to State relief agencies. The release lists quantities of commodities purchased.

September 27--FSCC READY TO BUY FARMERS' SPRING WHEAT AT LOAN RATES. (464-39)--Since the latter part of August, the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation has been buying wheat from grain dealers and reselling it to exporters who agree to place it in foreign markets. On September 15 the FSCC was authorized to buy wheat for export direct from certain farmers in Utah and Idaho. The direct purchases were made from farmers eligible for 1938 wheat loans and purchases were made at the loan rate. In two states, farmers have been unable to get loans promptly (mainly because of shortage of elevator space) and wheat was selling below the loan rate. The release of September 27 announces that direct buying would be extended to eligible farmers in the spring wheat area.

September 28--FARMERS APPLY FOR MORE FERTILIZER AND SEED UNDER AAA GRANTS OF AID. (459-39)--Under the AAA farm program, farmers who use approved soil-building practices, such as new seedings of soil-conserving crops and application of lime and fertilizer in connection with such crops, earn payments which represent part of the cash outlay for using the practices. The program makes it possible in some cases to furnish farmers with the actual materials rather than to have farmers buy their own and later be partially reimbursed. The release announces that during 1938, applications have been accepted for 62,716 tons of triple superphosphate fertilizer to be furnished farmers in eastern and southern States. Requests also have been received for 3,499 tons of lime and 270,000 pounds of winter legume seed. Thirty-five thousand, one hundred ninety-nine tons of the superphosphate is being obtained from the Tennessee Valley Authority. The remaining 27,517 tons is coming from commercial sources.



September 28--AMENDMENTS TO WALNUT MARKETING PROGRAM SUBMITTED TO INDUSTRY. (468-39)--A marketing agreement program for walnuts grown in California, Washington and Oregon provides for annually establishing a salable percentage and a surplus percentage of walnuts grown in the area. The salable percentage moves freely as unshelled walnuts in interstate commerce. The surplus percentage is turned over to the Control Board administering the agreement and held for sale either in foreign commerce or for shelling. For the 1938-1939 crop year the salable percentage had been fixed at 75 percent. The release announces that amendments to the program fixing the salable percentage at 80 percent were being submitted to members of the industry for their approval.

September 28--SECRETARY WALLACE TO TALK AT SPRINGFIELD, ILL., OCT. 14. (469-39)  
--Announcement that Secretary Wallace is scheduled to speak at Springfield, Ill., on October 14, where he will discuss present problems of Corn Belt agriculture.

September 28--SUSPENDED RICHMOND, VA., MILK LICENSE FORMALLY TERMINATED. (470-39)--A license for milk distributors in the Richmond, Va., area went into effect in May, 1934, and was suspended in November, 1937. The release announces formal termination of the license.

September 29--AAA ISSUES SECOND REPORT ON "INVISIBLE" SUGAR SUPPLIES. (477-39)  
--The second of a new series of reports on stocks of sugar on so-called "invisible" stocks of sugar held by manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. Reports from 1,185 companies show that stocks held March 31, 1938 totalled 4,707,488 hundredweight, and that stocks held June 30, 1938 totalled 4,521,964 hundredweight.

September 30--FSCC SHIPS EXTRA SUPPLIES TO CHARLESTON STORM AREA (483-39)  
--Following the tornado in Charleston, S.C., the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation took emergency steps to route food supplies into the area. In addition to supplies on hand in the State, shipments on September 29 and 30 included 200,000 pounds of rice, 180,000 pounds of dried beans, 72,000 pounds of fresh vegetables, 19,200 pounds of butter, and 40,000 pounds of dry skim milk.

October 1--HEARING SCHEDULED ON MILK PROGRAM FOR LOWELL-LAWRENCE MARKETING AREA. (484-39)-- The New England Milk Producers Association, which represents more than half of the producers selling milk in the Lowell-Lawrence (Mass.) marketing area, has proposed a Federal marketing agreement and order program for the area and requested hearings. The release announces that hearings will be held October 14 at Dracut, Mass. The release includes a summary of the provisions of the proposed program.

October 1--WHEAT LOAN REGULATIONS MODIFIED TO AID PRODUCERS OF PREMIUM GRAIN. (485-39)--The initial provisions of the 1938 wheat loan program did not provide any method whereby producers of high protein hard wheat or high quality durum wheat could obtain the benefit of the wheat loan program and at the same time realize on the special quality of their grain. This release announces changes in the regulations of the Commodity Credit Corporation designed to enable cooperating wheat producers to obtain the benefit of premiums on high protein hard wheat or high quality durum wheat stored under the wheat loan. The new regulations in general enable producers to withdraw premium wheat held under loan if they replace it with an equal quantity of wheat of the same grade, sub-class, and country run quality or equal or the cash equivalent. The withdrawal privilege applies to wheat stored as collateral for a loan on the farm as well as in approved elevators.



October 1--FSCC MAY BUY SURPLUS CABBAGE FOR RELIEF USE. (489-39)--Production of late cabbage in the 10 principal late producing States is anticipated this year at 856,000 tons compared with an annual average for the past 10 years of about 605,000 tons. This release announces that the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation has been authorized to buy surplus cabbage in areas in the principal producing States when such purchases seem necessary to relieve temporary conditions of over-supply.

October 2-- ATTACKS ON FARM PROGRAM REFUTED BY NEWSPAPERS, TOLLEY SAYS. (465-39)-- Text of correspondence between a Michigan farmer and H.R. Tolley, AAA Administrator. The farmer's letter took issue with what the writer termed the unfavorable attitude of newspapers toward the farm program. Mr. Tolley's reply pointed out examples of increasingly fair treatment of the program by the Press and described in some detail the contents of the agricultural supplement to "Editor and Publisher".

\*\*\*\*\*

During the week the texts of two speeches by Secretary Wallace were released by the Department of Agriculture Press Service.

September 29--AN AMERICAN INCOME FOR WHEAT. (458-39)--Address of Secretary Wallace before a meeting of farmers and farm leaders at Hutchinson, Kansas. A discussion of the present AAA farm program and of current farm problems especially from the point of view of wheat farmers. After a discussion of various proposals for price-fixing, in which the Secretary points out any such workable plan implies a high degree of Government control, he recommends the present program strengthened by improvements in details and enactment of a processing tax.

September 30--AN AMERICAN INCOME FOR COTTON. (457-39)--Address by Secretary Wallace before a meeting of farmers, AAA committeemen and others at Fort Worth, Texas. A talk on the same broad subjects covered in the Hutchinson speech but from the viewpoint of cotton farmers. Proposals for increased efforts to use the current cotton surplus in domestic consumption were an important point.

- - - S - - -



1.42  
Ad 4W

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION  
RECEIVED

Volume 1. No. 28

★ OCT 15 1938 ★

U.S. Department of Agriculture

October 10, 1938

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA-PRESS-RELEASES

-----

The following press releases were issued in Washington by the Press Section of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration during the week ending October 8. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title:

October 3--PEANUT SURPLUS REMOVAL PROGRAM FOR 1939 IS ANNOUNCED BY AAA. (487-39)-- Announcement of a program to divert some of the 1938 peanut crop to oil and by-products lists the four producers' associations that will buy peanuts as part of the program. The aim of the program is to divert some of the current surplus of peanuts out of regular trade channels (sale as edible peanuts) and to sell them for crushing into oil. AAA payments will make up to the associations the difference between the purchase price and the lower sale price for crushing.

October 3--FSCC PROGRAM AIMS AT SALVAGING STORM DAMAGED NEW ENGLAND APPLES. (490-39)-- Estimates made after the recent New England hurricane indicated that in the different storm areas from a quarter to all of the unharvested apple crop was blown to the ground. The Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation was authorized to spend up to \$500,000 in an emergency purchase program aimed at salvaging some of the wind-harvested apples before they rotted and of bringing the growers some income from that part of the crop. The apples are being distributed through state relief agencies.

October 4--41 SURPLUS AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES PURCHASED BY FSCC DURING PAST YEAR. (499-39)-- A summary of the annual report of the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, which appeared on the same date and covered the fiscal year July 1, 1937 to June 30, 1938. During that period the FSCC purchased 41 different agricultural commodities in 46 States at a total cost of \$48,400,000. The purchases totaled 1,800,000,000 pounds of surplus footstuff for distribution to relief agencies in State, the District of Columbia, and the Virgin Islands.

October 4--CUBAN DIRECT CONSUMPTION SUGAR QUOTA FILLED FOR 1939- (498-39) --The Sugar Act of 1937 set the Cuban quota of direct-consumption sugar at 375,000 short tons a year. The release announces that the Cuban direct consumption quota for the calendar year 1938 has been exhausted.

October 5--AAA ANNOUNCES 1939 PROPORTIONATE SHARES FOR FARMS IN THE MAINLAND SUGARCANE AREA. (500-39)--The Sugar Act of 1937 provides as one of the conditions of payments to producers that the amounts of sugar beets or sugarcane grown on a farm and marketed shall not exceed the farm's proportionate share required in any area to fill the estimated quota and provide a normal carryover. The estimate of required total production for the 1939 sugarcane marketing needs and carryover was announced September 24 as 406,000 short tons. The release outlines the procedure for dividing this amount among farms. In general, the 1939 proportionate share for any grower will be 75 percent of the 1938 proportionate



share , or 100 percent of the acreage measured for harvest under the 1938 program whichever is smaller. The release lists several qualifying details in the method of determining allotments.

October 6--FARM IMPORTS DECLINING SECRETARY WALLACE SAYS.(503-39)--Text of a letter from Senator Robert J. Bulkley to Secretary Wallace and of the Secretary's reply. Senator Bulkley's letter referred to an attack on the farm based on comparing 1932 farm imports with those of 1937. Secretary Wallace's reply points out that 1937 farm imports were stimulated by drought conditions of 1936 and that at present our competing farm imports have declined. It also points out that although farm imports were small in 1932, farm income was particularly low that year.

October 6--AMENDMENTS TO WALNUT AGREEMENT FIX 1938-39 SALABLE PERCENTAGE. (505-39)--One of the provisions of a marketing agreement program for walnuts grown on the west coast directs that a salable percentage for the crops shall be established each year. This salable percentage represents walnuts for sale in unshelled form. The rest of the crop constitutes the surplus percentage which is turned over to the control board administering the agreement for export or for sale to be shelled. The release announces that following approval of handlers and growers amendments to the program have been approved by the Secretary of Agriculture. The amendments fix the 1938-39 crop salable percentage at 80 percent and the surplus at 20 percent.

October 6--SUGAR STATISTICS FOR FIRST EIGHT MONTHS ANNOUNCED BY AAA. (509-39)--Monthly report on deliveries of sugar and stocks on hand. Deliveries during the first 8 months of 1938 amounted to 1,194,713 short tons, raw value. Stocks on hand August 31 totalled 1,287,225 short tons.

October 6--AAA TO HOLD HEARING OCTOBER 25 ON 1939 PUERTO RICAN SUGAR QUOTA.(513-39--Under the provisions of the Sugar Act of 1937 Puerto Rican processors were allotted a quantity of 126,033 short tons, raw value, of direct-consumption sugar. The release announces a public hearing will be held on October 25 at the United States Department of Agriculture to consider a proposed formula for allotting the direct consumption sugar quota among processors. The release gives an outline of the proposal.

October 7--AAA ANNOUNCES WHEAT EXPORT SALES AND PURCHASES THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30. (515-39)--Announcement that from July 1, 1938, through September 30, United States wheat exports, including wheat and flour shipments in connection with the current export program, were approximately 31,000,000 bushels. The release includes figures on the export program. From the latter part of August, when the program began, through September 30 the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation bought 15,657,645 bushels of wheat and sold 11,504,580 bushels. Flour exports from the start of the fiscal year through September 30 totalled about 590,000 barrels at an average indemnity payment of 45 cents a barrel.

October 7--AAA ANNOUNCES JANUARY-SEPTEMBER SUGAR ENTRIES AGAINST QUOTAS. (516-39)--Announcement of entries of sugar charged against the quotas for all offshore areas. Through September a total of 4,128,675 short tons had been charged against the total offshore quota of 4,781,697 short tons.



October 7--WINTER PEAR MARKETING PROGRAM GOES INTO EFFECT. (519-39)--

In a recent referendum, growers of six varieties of winter pears produced in Oregon, Washington, and California voted in favor of an order embodying the terms of a marketing agreement program. Eighty-three percent of the 1,140 growers who cast ballots supported the program. Incomplete reports show that handlers representing about 53 percent of the fruit packed in the area last year already had signed the marketing agreement. The release announces final approval of the agreement program and issuance of an order. Both were to take effect immediately.

October 8--TEN PERCENT OF BRIGHT TOBACCO QUOTA MAY BE RETRANSFERRED.

(528-39)--Under the terms of the 1938 marketing quota program for flue-cured tobacco, unused quotas may be transferred between farms. The release announces that the amount of the quota which can be retransferred is limited to 10 percent of a farm's quota. The release also announces that in computing penalties for sales of scrap flue-cured tobacco marketed in excess of a farm quota, a 3-cent a pound allowance will be made for unmerchantable scrap tobacco.

---S---



442  
224W

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

OCT 22 1938  
U. S. Department of Agriculture

Volume 1. No. 29

October 17, 1938.

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

---

The following press releases were issued in Washington by the Press Section of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration during the week ending October 15. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title:

October 10--FSCC AUTHORIZED TO BUY ADDITIONAL SURPLUS BUTTER. (523-39)--Announcement of a 38,000,000-pound increase in the amount of butter which the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation is authorized to buy during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1939. This makes a total of 90,000,000 pounds authorized for purchase. Approval of a \$10,000,000 increase in the authorized expenditure for the butter purchase program, bringing the total to \$26,730,000 also is announced. Purpose of the program is to assist producers by taking surplus butter out of the regular market channels and encouraging greater use of the product through relief distribution. Purchases are to be made on the mercantile exchanges, in other markets, or from the Dairy Products Marketing Association. Up to October 7, 12,830,000 pounds of butter had been purchased under this program.

October 11--AMENDED MILK MARKETING ORDER APPROVED FOR FORT WAYNE AREA. (542-39)--The release announces an order amending the milk marketing program for Fort Wayne, Ind., effective October 15. Issuance of the order was approved by approximately 96.4 percent of the producers who participated in the referendum conducted from September 20 to 24. This program has been in effect since February 1, 1937 under a marketing agreement signed by all the handlers in the market. The amended program provides for the establishment of two classes of milk and a minimum price for each class; market-wide pool arrangement, under which handlers are required to pay uniform minimum prices to all producers and associations of producers for all milk received; and a plan of prorating to producers the proceeds from the sale of their milk.

October 12--7,000 EASTERN FARMERS APPLY FOR CROP INSURANCE. (536-39)--Seven thousand applications for wheat crop insurance have been made by growers in six eastern States. The deadline for receipt of applications was October 1. Pennsylvania lead with 3,466 from 26 counties; Maryland was next with 1,436 from 13 counties; and Virginia was third with 1,330 from 17 counties. There were 725 applications from 14 New York counties, 165 from 3 Delaware counties and 52 from New Jersey.

October 12--FSCC TO BUY ELIGIBLE LOAN WHEAT IN SOUTHWEST. (535-39)--Farmers in Kansas, Colorado and Nebraska are to be offered the opportunity to sell wheat eligible for a 1938 wheat loan to the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation. The wheat will be purchased at the loan rate applicable for this wheat. The purchases were scheduled to begin in a few days and will be handled through the Kansas City office of the FSCC. Purpose of the program is to aid farmers who have wheat eligible for loan, but who are unable to receive loans because of lack of storage facilities. The wheat purchased will be available for resale to exporters who agree to place it in foreign markets.



October 13--FSCC TO PURCHASE SURPLUS CANE SIRUP. (554-39)--An announcement that the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation has been authorized to buy surplus cane sirup in five Southern states for relief distribution. The states are Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Florida. These states produce more than 90 percent of United States sugarcane sirup and the total production in 1938 is expected to equal the 1937 production of 25,135,000 gallons, second largest supply in recent years and 7,335,000 gallons more than the average production during the period 1928-32.

October 13--CARROT PURCHASE PROGRAM APPROVED. (555-39)--The AAA has authorized the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation to buy surplus topped carrots in the late producing States for relief distribution. This program will assist carrot growers in removing part of a large surplus from regular trade channels and encourage a larger domestic use of the commodity. With acreage and production both the highest on record, the surplus in the late producing States this year is 753,000 bushels over the 10-year average from 1927 to 1936.

October 13--FSCC AUTHORIZED TO BUY SURPLUS TOPPED BEETS. (556-39)--Announcement that the AAA has authorized a purchase program by the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation to remove surplus topped beets, grown for canning purposes in the late producing States, from regular market channels. The beets will be distributed in fresh form through State agencies for relief purposes. Production of canning beets in the late producing States this year is the largest on record and a surplus of 37,970 tons over the average for the period 1929-36 is indicated.

October 13--FLORIDA CELERY MARKETING PROGRAM TO BE TERMINATED. (557-39)--This release announces termination of the marketing agreement and order regulating the handling of celery produced in Florida. Decision to terminate the marketing agreement program, which has been in effect since November 17, 1937, followed a referendum requested by Florida celery growers. The growers voting for termination represented more than the required percentage of celery production by volume but the number of producers favoring termination was slightly less than the required percentage. In view of the close vote and attitude of growers, however, it was considered inadvisable to continue the program in its present form.

October 13--FSCC IS AUTHORIZED TO BUY SURPLUS RICE. (563-39)--Announcement that the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation has been authorized to buy surplus rice under a program to extend to June 30, 1939, to be distributed for relief purposes. Rice production in 1938 is expected to reach a total of 12,540,000 barrels, the largest crop on record. Purpose of the program is to expand consumption by making part of the large surplus available for relief use and to protect prices to growers by reducing the quantity of rice in the regular trade channels.

October 14--AAA ISSUES DATA ON SUGAR STOCKS. (562-39)--This data on the "invisible" supplies of sugar in the United States issued by the Sugar Section of the AAA. Tables included show stocks on hand for reporting firms during various periods, their receipts and deliveries of sugar during the first two quarters of 1938.

October 15--SUGAR DELIVERIES FOR FIRST NINE MONTHS OF 1938 ANNOUNCED BY AAA. (568-39)--A preliminary statement of the deliveries of sugar for consumption by refiners, beet sugar companies and importers of direct consumption sugar in September, issued by the Sugar Section of the AAA. Total deliveries for the first nine months of 1938 were 4,889,636 short tons, raw value. Refiners' stocks on September 30 totalled 702,809 short tons, raw value.



11-12  
A-44W  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

Volume 1. No. 30

WEEKLY SUMMARY:

☆ OCT 29 1938 ☆

October 24, 1938.

U.S. Department of Agriculture  
AAA PRESS RELEASES

The following press releases relating to the AAA, the Sugar Division and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements were issued in Washington by the Press Service of the Department of Agriculture during the week ending October 22. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title:

October 17--SUGAR DIVISION ANNOUNCES WAGE RATES FOR SUGARCANE WORK.

(573-39)--Under the Sugar Act of 1937 payment of "fair and reasonable" wage rates to laborers who harvest sugarcane is one of the conditions of payments to growers. The release announces determination of fair and reasonable wage rates in the continental sugarcane area for the period between September 1, 1938 and June 30, 1939. The rates are the same as those named in the 1937 determination. The release lists details of the rates for Louisiana and Florida.

October 18--AAA MAKES PUBLIC 1937 PAYMENTS OF \$10,000 OR OVER. (583-39)--

The AAA periodically has made public payments of \$10,000 or more. The release lists such payments made between December 1937 and June 30, 1938 to participants in the 1937 Agricultural Conservation Program. The release also includes six payments in connection with the 1936 Program.

October 18--FSCC TO PURCHASE SURPLUS 1937 CORN FOR RELIEF USE. (587-39)--

Announcement of a program designed to remove part of the current surplus by distributing corn products for relief use. The Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation will buy 1937 crop corn and corn products. Initial purchases will consist of corn meal and corn grits which will be bought from manufacturers who agree to purchase equivalent quantities of corn on which Commodity Credit Corporation loans have been called. The offer and acceptance method is being used and bids were to be accepted up to October 29.

October 18--NEW MARKET FOR WINTER PEARS AIM OF AAA DIVERSION PROGRAM.

During the past two seasons a diversion program has encouraged new trade outlets for winter pears grown on the West Coast. The release announces continuation of that policy. Benefit payments will be made at the rate of 50 cents per box for pears sold in specified States where consumption of winter pears has been relatively small, and in specified foreign markets.

October 19--HAWAIIAN SUGARCANE PRICES APPROVED FOR 1938 PROGRAM. (590-39)--

Under the Sugar Act of 1937 one of the conditions of payments to growers is that growers who also are processors shall pay "fair and reasonable" prices for sugar they buy from other growers. The release announces that the prices which Hawaiian producer-processors have agreed to pay growers have been found to be "fair and reasonable."

October 19--DETERMINATION ON 1938 FLORIDA SUGARCANE PRICES ANNOUNCED.

(591-39)--Announcement of the "fair and reasonable" price determinations for the 1938 Florida sugarcane crop. The determination prices paid to growers shall not be less than those set forth in the Florida Sugar Contract.



October 20--EXPORT AND DIVERSION PROGRAM FOR SURPLUS WALNUTS APPROVED.

(594-39)--Under the marketing agreement and order program for walnuts grown in California, Oregon and Washington, growers turn over to the Control Board a percentage of their walnuts which the Board has designated as the surplus percentage of the crop. The Control Board is expected to divert the surplus walnuts from regular domestic channels for unshelled walnuts. The surplus either can be exported or diverted to be shelled for domestic consumption. The release announces an export and diversion program for walnuts acquired in the 1938-39 crop year. Benefit payments, which can total up to \$850,000, will be made on walnuts either exported or diverted.

October 21--NOVEMBER 19 SET AS DEADLINE FOR CROP INSURANCE PREMIUMS.

(593-39)--Announcement that November 19 will be the final day for accepting crop insurance premiums in 20 of the principal winter wheat States. In making the announcement the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation reported that 187,756 applications for insurance had been received at the Kansas City and Minneapolis branch offices and that at the Kansas City office actual payments of premiums are being received at the rate of 2,000 a day.

October 22--FSCC IS AUTHORIZED TO BUY DRY BEANS. (606-39)--For the 1938-39 season the total supply of dry edible beans is estimated at 2,700,000 (100 pounds each) bags larger than the average annual supply. The release announces that the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation has been authorized to buy dry beans for distribution to State relief agencies.

October 22--PROCEDURE FOR ENTRY OF CUBAN SUGAR AFTER NOVEMBER 1 ANNOUNCED.

(609-39)--Under provisions of the Sugar Act of 1937 the Cuban quota of sugar that can be admitted to this country is 1,939,546 tons. Through September, 1,696,260 tons have been entered against that quota. The release announces that as a means of preventing sugar entries in excess of the quota, all Cuban sugar entering the United States for further processing on or after November 1 will require prior certification by the Sugar Division that it is within the 1938 quota.

October 22--TOLEDO MILK HEARING POSTPONED INDEFINITELY. (612-39)--

Eighteen handlers in the Toledo (Ohio) marketing area a few weeks ago petitioned for a hearing to review provisions of the Federal milk marketing order. They asked to be exempted from the order and claimed that it is invalid. The hearing originally was scheduled for October 17. At the request of the handlers who signed the original petition the hearing was postponed until October 24. The release announces that at the request of the handlers a second and indefinite postponement has been granted.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

NOV 5 1938

U. S. Department of Agriculture

October 31, 1938.

Volume 1. No. 31

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

The following press releases relating to the AAA and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements were issued in Washington by the Press Service of the Department of Agriculture during the week ending October 29. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title:

October 24--AAA ANNOUNCES PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING 1938 BURLEY TOBACCO FARM MARKETING QUOTAS. (605-39)--A marketing quota is in effect for the 1938 Burley tobacco crop. Marketing quotas for tobacco are expressed in pounds and are separate from acreage allotments established under the Agricultural Conservation Program. The national marketing quota for Burley is 350 million pounds. The release announces the procedure that will be followed in apportioning this allotment among farms producing tobacco. Each of these farms will have an allotment regardless of whether its operator is participating in this year's Agricultural Conservation Program. The marketing season for Burley tobacco opens early in December.

October 25--EXPORT AND DIVERSION PROGRAM DEVELOPED FOR SURPLUS PECANS. (629-39)--During the 1938-39 season the merchantable supply of pecans will be more than 18 million pounds. The release announces a program for removing surplus pecans from regular trade channels and encouraging their export to foreign countries or diversion into byproduct uses. The quantity of pecans to be exported or diverted is limited to 5 million pounds. The maximum total of indemnity payments which can be made in carrying out the program is \$350,000.

October 25--CITRUS CONFERENCE OUTLINES PLAN TO MARKET RECORD CROP. (635-39)--This year's crop of oranges and grapefruits is expected to be of record size. Representatives of the industry recently met in Washington with representatives of the Department of Agriculture to work out methods of marketing the crop. The release announces outline of the plan which was developed at the conference. The plan provides for continuing or instituting marketing agreements for oranges and grapefruits, and for removal of 16 million boxes of surplus citrus fruit from regular trade channels. Under the program the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation will buy 3 million boxes of oranges and 5 million boxes of grapefruit for relief distribution. As a condition of purchase the industry will divert equal amounts of lower grade fruits to uses which do not compete with fresh fruit, canned fruit or fruit juices, or concentrates.

October 28--AAA MAKES PLANS FOR REFERENDA ON COTTON, TOBACCO AND RICE QUOTAS. (638-39)--The Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 provides that when prospective supplies of certain crops reach unusually high levels (which are specified in the law) the Secretary of Agriculture shall proclaim marketing quotas for the ensuing year. Following proclamation of the quotas for any of these crops producers vote on whether they want the quota to be effective. No formal determinations of supply for the next season have been made for cotton, tobacco or rice. However, all indications point to supplies of these crops well above the quota level. The release announces preliminary plans for holding referenda. The day of



the cotton, flue-cured tobacco and rice referenda would be December 10. The Burley tobacco and dark fire and air-cured tobacco referenda would be held December 17.

October 28--LOAN PROGRAM AMENDED TO ALLOW FOR COTTON COVERING ON BALES. (639-39)--As one of its attempts to stimulate new uses of cotton, the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements of the Department of Agriculture is encouraging the manufacture and use of cotton covering for bales of cotton. This cotton bagging weighs  $7\frac{1}{2}$  pounds less than ordinary bagging. Cotton is sold locally in the United States on a gross weight basis. The release announces that the 1938 cotton loan program has been amended to provide for an additional allowance of 65 cents per bale on cotton wrapped in cotton covering. This allowance approximately reflects the value of the additional pounds of lint in a cotton covered bale.

October 29--WHEAT FLOUR EXPORT PROGRAMS CONSOLIDATED. (647-39)--For some years a special program has encouraged exports of Pacific Northwest wheat to the Philippine Islands. Late in August of this year a general wheat export program was instituted. The release of October 29 announces that the two export programs were to be terminated October 31 and replaced by a single program for indemnifying exporters for losses incurred in selling wheat flour abroad.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

U. S. Department of Agriculture

November 7, 1938.

Volume 1. No. 32.

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

---

The following press releases relating to the AAA, the Sugar Division, and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements were issued in Washington by the Press Service of the Department of Agriculture during the week ending November 5. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title:

November 1--SUGAR STATISTICS FOR FIRST NINE MONTHS ANNOUNCED BY SUGAR DIVISION. (661-39)--A report on total deliveries of sugar during the first nine months of 1938 and stocks of sugar on hand September 30. Deliveries during this period total 4,896,352 short tons, raw value, in comparison with 5,336,349 short tons in 1937. Stocks on hand September 30 totaled 1,170,240 short tons, as compared with 732,307 short tons on the same date last year.

November 1--WALLACE ASKS LOWER FREIGHT RATES ON RECORD ORANGE AND GRAPEFRUIT CROP. (662-39)--The 1938-39 season production of oranges and grapefruit is expected to reach record proportions. The release announces that Secretary Wallace, in a letter addressed to heads of freight tariff associations, has requested railroads serving citrus producing areas to make temporary emergency reductions in freight rates to encourage marketing of the citrus crop. The 1938-39 production is estimated at 286,954 carloads compared with 244,732 in the previous season.

November 1--WHEAT AND FLOUR EXPORT SALES APPROXIMATE 39 MILLION BUSHEL. (667-39)--The current program for encouraging exports of American wheat and wheat flour aims at placing in foreign markets during the present marketing year 100 million bushels, which is approximately this country's historical share of world wheat trade. The release announces that the sales of wheat and flour for export from July 1, 1938 to October 15 totaled approximately 39 million bushels. Of this amount about 15,917,000 bushels of wheat and wheat flour had been sold for export under the terms of the export program. About 79 percent of these sales were of wheat and the remaining 21 percent were flour. Payments in connection with exporting flour averaged 50.1 cents per barrel. In encouraging wheat exports the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation buys the wheat and resells it to exporters who agree to place it in foreign markets. The FSICC sold the wheat to exporters at an average of 11.9 cents a bushel less than the price at which it bought the wheat.

November 3--FSICC AUTHORIZED TO BEGIN 2-MONTH MILK PURCHASE PROGRAM IN NEW YORK AREA. (684-39)--In the New York milkshed the indicated production for November and December is much higher than usual. The release announces that the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation has been authorized to buy up to 40 million pounds of surplus milk in the New York area during those two months, and that the Corporation will process the milk into various forms and turn it over to State agencies for people on relief rolls.



November 5--AAA ANNOUNCES PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING 1938 DARK TOBACCO FARM MARKETING QUOTAS. (708-39)--A marketing quota is in effect for the 1938 dark tobacco crop. Marketing quotas for tobacco are expressed in pounds and are separate from acreage allotments established under the Agricultural Conservation Program. The national marketing quota for dark tobacco is 145 million pounds. The release announces the procedure that will be followed in apportioning this allotment among farms producing tobacco. Each of these farms will have an allotment regardless of whether its operator is participating in this year's Agricultural Conservation Program.

---G---



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION  
U. S. Department of Agriculture

November 14, 1938

Volume 1. No. 33

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

The following press releases relating to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, the Sugar Division, and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements, were issued during the week ending November 12. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title:

November 7--FSCC PURCHASES IN FIVE WEEKS TOTAL \$5,105,000. (719-39) --Surplus purchases amounting to \$5,105,000 were made by the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation in 24 States during the five weeks ending November 2. The purchases included more than 547,000 bushels of apples, which were bought in New England, to meet the emergency caused by the hurricane early in September which resulted in severe damage to the apple crop that would have meant a heavy loss to producers. The release lists amounts of other commodities purchased. All of the surplus commodities purchased were turned over to authorized agencies for distribution to families on relief.

November 7--CALIFORNIA FRUIT MARKETING PROGRAM FORMALLY TERMINATED (721-39) --Announcement of termination of a marketing agreement and license applicable to California deciduous tree fruits except apples, which had been in effect during the 1934 and 1935 marketing seasons. It was not officially terminated until disposal of the balance of an administrative expense fund.

November 8--PLAN FOR BURLEY TOBACCO LOAN UNDER CONSIDERATION. (723-39) --Announcement that a plan is being considered under which the excess of the 1938 farm marketing quota of Burley tobacco might be stored and loans on the stored excess made available to producers who did not plant more than their 1938 acreage allotments.

November 8--LIQUID SUGAR QUOTA FILLED FOR 1938. (726-39) --Announcement that 1938 liquid sugar quotas have been exhausted.

November 8--JANUARY -OCTOBER SUGAR QUOTA ENTRIES ANNOUNCED. (727-39) --The tenth monthly report on the status of 1938 sugar quotas showing that the quantity of sugar charged against the quotas for all offshore areas, including full-duty countries, during the period January-October, amounted to 4,405,709 short tons, raw value. The quotas for the year total 4,781,697 short tons.

November 8--ROBBINS NAMED ASSISTANT DIRECTOR USDA MARKETING AND REGULATORY WORK. (728-39) --Announcement that Carl B. Robbins has been appointed Assistant Director of Marketing and Regulatory Work.



November 9--BIDS FOR AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY CONTRACT INVITED BY AAA. (754-39)

This release announces that bids have been invited for 3,455 square miles of aerial photography in eastern Kentucky. The bids were to be opened November 15. The aerial photographs will be used by the AAA, in determining the extent of performance by farmers participating in the Agricultural Conservation Program, and by the Kentucky Highway Planning Commission.

November 10--1938 CORN LOAN AT 57 CENTS PER BUSHEL RATE ANNOUNCED. (766-

39)-- Announcement that a corn loan of 57 cents per bushel on 1938 corn will be available to farmers in the commercial corn area. The loan rate is based on a crop estimate of 2,480,958,000 bushels. The Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 provides that the loan shall be 70 percent of the parity price for corn if the November crop estimate exceeds a normal year's domestic consumption and exports by not more than 10 percent. The corn crop as indicated by the November crop report exceeds a normal year's domestic consumption and exports by not more than 10 percent. With the parity price of corn estimated at 81 cents per bushel, the loan rate at 70 percent of parity is 57 cents per bushel.

November 10--PUBLIC HEARING ON SUGARCANE WAGE AND PURCHASE RATES TO BE

HELD IN HAWAII. (761-39)-- Under the Sugar Act of 1937, two of the conditions which producers are required to meet in order to be eligible for payments are that they pay "fair and reasonable" wages and if they are also processors that they pay "fair and reasonable" prices for sugar they buy from other producers. The release announces that a public hearing on wage rates and cane prices to be paid in connection with the 1939 crop of Hawaiian cane will be held November 16 in Honolulu. The release includes a summary of proposed wage standards which will be considered at the hearing.



1.42  
Ad-115

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

DEC 3 1938

November 19, 1938

Volume 1. No. 34.

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

---  
The following press releases, relating to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, the Sugar Division, and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements, were issued during the week ending November 19. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title.

November 15--1939 FARM PROGRAM READY.(785-39)--Under the provisions of the Agricultural Act of 1938, a voluntary program of agricultural conservation is available to farmers every year. The general outlines of that program were announced last August 16, following a meeting in Washington of farmer-committeemen and AAA field workers. Since then some detailed phases of the conservation program such as wheat acreage allotments, have been announced. The release announces that Secretary Wallace has approved detailed provisions of the complete 1939 Agricultural Conservation Program. The program is, in general, similar to the 1938 program. The release lists the national acreage goals for the various crops, the rates of payment offered for planting within allotments of those crops and the probable ranges of the price adjustment payments that will be made in connection with cotton, corn, wheat, and rice.

November 15--1939 QUOTA AND ALLOTMENT PROCEDURE FOR FLUE CURED TOBACCO ANNOUNCED.(795-39)--Each year voluntary acreage allotments are established for flue-cured tobacco. Growers will vote December 17 on whether, in addition to acreage allotments, they want to use marketing quotas for that crop next year. Marketing quotas were in effect during this year. The release announces the procedure that will be followed in establishing 1939 acreage allotments and poundage marketing quotas. County committees may raise or lower farm poundage allotments by not more than 20 percent of the 1938 figure, and are to make certain that farms' acreage allotments and poundage quotas are comparable.

November 15--FSCC AUTHORIZED TO BUY SURPLUS WESTERN PEARS. (796-39) Production of fall and winter pears in Oregon, Washington and California is estimated at 157,000 tons for 1938, an increase of 44 percent over the 1933-37 average. The release announces that the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation has been authorized to buy surplus pears and distribute them to State relief agencies in an effort to remove surplus stocks from regular trade channels and stabilize price to growers.

November 16--HAWAIIAN, VIRGIN ISLANDS 1938 SUGAR QUOTA DEFICIT REALLOTMENT ANNOUNCED. (808-39)--Under the Sugar Act of 1937 quotas are established annually for various producing areas, governing the amounts they supply for consumption in the United States. The law also provides that if any areas are unable to fill their quotas, the deficits shall be reallocated. The release announces that deficits in the 1938 quotas for the Hawaiian and Virgin Islands, totalling 34,794 short tons, have been reallocated among other domestic producing areas and Cuba.



November 17--COMMERCIAL CORN AREA FOR 1939 ANNOUNCED: COVERS 555 COUNTIES. (807-39).--The AAA farm program provides for special corn acreage allotments in the commercial corn area. In other areas corn is considered a general soil depleting crop. The commercial area consists of counties producing large amounts of corn, and the law sets forth definite standards for determining what counties shall be in the commercial corn producing area. The release announces the counties of 11 of the 12 Corn Belt states which will be included in the 1939 commercial corn producing area. The Kansas counties were to be announced later. In general, the list of counties is the same as last year's, but 30 counties were added and 14 of those on last year's list were excluded. The release contains a list of counties in the commercial area, by States.

November 18--SALES AGENCIES CALLED TO PLAN MARKETING OF RECORD CITRUS CROP. (821-39)--Production of oranges and grapefruit this season is at an all-time high mark. During October a program for industry-government cooperation in marketing the large crop was developed. Subsequently, the Secretary of Agriculture requested railways to consider a temporary reduction in freight rates on citrus fruit. The release announces that a conference had been scheduled for November 21, at which retailers, wholesalers, shippers and growers were to consider steps by which selling agencies can encourage marketing of citrus fruit this season.

November 18--SUGAR DELIVERIES FOR FIRST TEN MONTHS OF 1938 ANNOUNCED BY SUGAR DIVISION. (822-39) Monthly statement of deliveries of sugar for consumption during 1938, and of stocks on hand October 31. Deliveries for the year totalled 5,472,415 short tons, compared with 5,728,753 in the same period in 1937.

November 19--CHARGES AGAINST 1938 SUGAR QUOTA FOR MAINLAND CANE AREA ANNOUNCED. (829-39)-- Report on how much of the 1938 Sugar quota for the mainland area has been filled thus far. This year's quota for the mainland cane area is 429,434 short tons. Up to November 10 charges against that quota totalled 230,623 short tons.

November 19--PROCEDURE FOR DIVIDING SUGAR QUOTA AMONG PUERTO RICAN GROWERS ANNOUNCED. (831-39).--Under the Sugar Act of 1937, one of the conditions of payment to growers is that each holds his marketing within his proportionate share of the quota for his area. The release announces details of computing proportionate shares of Puerto Rican growers for 1939, and the determinations that will be used in computing their 1940 proportionate shares.



1.12  
Adm

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

Volume 1. No. 35.

★ DEC 3 1938 ★

November 28, 1938.

U. S. Department of Agriculture

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

The following press releases, relating to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements were issued during the week ending November 26. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title.

November 22--CONNECTICUT VALLEY SHADE TOBACCO MEETING IS CALLED FOR DECEMBER 8. (843-39)--This release announces a meeting of growers, handlers, and processors of Connecticut Valley shade grown tobacco (U.S. Type 61) to be held in Washington, December 8, to discuss production and marketing requirements relative to the 1939 crop year. The conference called by Secretary Wallace will be held at 9:00 a.m. in Room 3707, South Building, Department of Agriculture.

November 22--1939 FLUE-CURED TOBACCO QUOTA ANNOUNCED; VOTE TO BE HELD DECEMBER 10. (847-39)--Under the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 Secretary Wallace announced a national marketing quota of 754 million pounds for flue-cured tobacco in the marketing year beginning July 1, 1939. The total supply of flue-cured tobacco as of July 1, 1938, was 1,750,000,000 pounds. The reserve supply level is 1,727,000,000 pounds. A referendum of flue-cured tobacco growers will be held on December 10, 1938 and if two-thirds or more of the farmers taking part in the referendum vote in favor of the quota, the quota as announced by the Secretary will be in effect for 1939. All farmers who grow flue-cured tobacco in 1938 will be eligible to vote in the referendum.

November 26--WHEAT AND FLOUR EXPORT SALES APPROXIMATE 43,200,000 BUSHELS. (864-39)--This release announces sales for export of approximately 43,200,000 bushels of wheat or wheat in the form of flour from July 1, 1938 to November 15, 1938. Of these total sales, actual shipments up to November 15 amounted to approximately 38,400,000 bushels. The Federal program contemplates an export movement from the United States of approximately 100 million bushels during the current fiscal year. Under the program the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation purchases wheat and sells it to exporters, and makes indemnity payments to flour exporters.

November 26--1938-39 DARK TOBACCO QUOTA APPORTIONED AMONG STATES. (862-39)--This release announces the apportionment of the total fire-cured and dark air-cured tobacco marketing quota of 147,835,000 pounds for the 1938-39 marketing year among the four dark tobacco producing States of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Indiana. This quota includes an additional 2,835,000 pounds added to the original dark tobacco quota announced February 18, 1938 in accordance with an amendment to the new Farm Act, requiring a 2 percent increase in State quotas to allow for additional individual farm adjustments.



November 26--FARMERS TO MEET WITH F.C.I.C. ON WHEAT INSURANCE PROGRAM.

(860-39)--Leroy K. Smith, Acting Manager of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, announces that a conference will be held November 28-30 between five farmer representatives and officials of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation to discuss special problems of wheat crop insurance in "high-risk" areas of the Western Great Plains. Farmers who will attend the conference are: L. T. Mayhugh, Plainview, Texas, wheat grower and leader in cooperative marketing in Hill County; A. W. Long, Minneola, Kansas, wheat farmer and leader in cooperative credit organizations in Ford County; Glon Talbot, Jamestown, North Dakota, a wheat farmer in Stutsman County and president of the North Dakota Farmer's Union; W. T. Young, Jr., Kimball, Nebr., wheat grower and livestock rancher in Kimball and Banner Counties; and B. W. McVey, Britton, South Dakota, wheat grower in Marshall County.

November 26--FARRELL NAMED ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR MARKETING AGREEMENTS

DIVISION. (867-39)--An announcement of the appointment of George E. Farrell as Associate Director of the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements. Mr. Farrell has been active in the administration of AAA wheat programs since 1933, as chief of the AAA Wheat Section, Director of the Division of Grains, and Director of the Western Division of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration. C. C. Conser, who has been assistant director of the AAA Western Division, has been named Acting Director.



11472  
11444  
DEC 10 1938  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE U. S. Department of Agriculture  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

Volume 1. No. 36.

December 5, 1938.

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

---

The following press releases, relating to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, the Sugar Division, and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements, were issued during the week ending December 3. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title.

November 28--ANNOUNCE DIVERSION PROGRAM FOR 1938 CROP OF AIR AND FIRE-CURED TOBACCOS. (870-39)--Diversion of dark air-cured and fire-cured tobacco of the 1938 crop is provided for in a program announced by the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements. The program contemplates diversion of these tobaccos for specified domestic by-product uses by commercial or non-profit organizations and, under the plan, payments will be made to tobacco cooperative marketing associations, corporations or other tobacco marketing agencies which make advances to growers, at not less than specified rates, for tobacco to be diverted. The payments will represent the difference between the amount paid to growers by marketing agencies and the amount obtained for the tobacco diverted.

November 28--SUGAR DIVISION ANNOUNCES WAGE RATES FOR HAWAIIAN SUGARCANE. (873-39)--The determination of fair and reasonable wage rates to be paid in Hawaii, during the calendar year 1938, to laborers engaged in the production, cultivation or harvesting of sugarcane by producers who qualify for payments under the Sugar Act of 1937, was announced by the Sugar Division.

November 28--SUGAR DIVISION ANNOUNCES CALIFORNIA WAGE RATES. (875-39)--The Sugar Division announces a determination of fair and reasonable wage rates to be paid laborers in California in the production, cultivation or harvesting of sugar beets during the calendar year 1939 by producers who qualify for payments under the Sugar Act of 1937. With the exception of a small modification in the sliding scale of payment for harvesting in Southern California, the rates established for 1939 do not alter substantially those established for 1938.

November 28--THREE PUBLIC HEARINGS FOR BOSTON MILK AREA. (876-39)--The Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements announces a schedule of three public hearings to consider proposed amendments to the Federal order regulating the handling of milk in Boston, Mass. The hearings will be held at 9:30 a.m., December 3, at St. Johnsbury, Vermont; 9:30 a.m., December 5, at Augusta, Maine; 9:30 a.m., December 6, at Boston.

November 28--1939 RICE QUOTA SET AT 11,974,000 BARRELS. (877-39)--Secretary Wallace has proclaimed a 1939 rice marketing quota of 11,974,000 barrels. This quota, if approved in the referendum December 10 by two-thirds of the rice producers voting, will be effective for the marketing year beginning August 1, 1939. If the marketing quota is approved, rice marketed in excess of a farm's quota will be subject to a penalty of 25 cents a hundred pounds. No penalty applies on rice marketed within the farm quotas. This release also announces a national rice acreage allotment of 862,000 acres.



November 29--1939 BURLEY AND DARK TOBACCO MARKETING QUOTAS ANNOUNCED. (883-39)--National marketing quotas for Burley tobacco and for fire-cured and dark air-cured tobacco are announced by Secretary Wallace. The Burley quota for 1939 is set at 315 million pounds, while the 1939 fire-cured and dark air-cured quota is 138 million pounds. The 1939 Burley quota was decreased from the 1938 quota because the total supply was 79 million pounds above a year earlier. The decrease in the 1939 dark tobacco quota further reflects the declining demand for this type. Reserve supply levels of Maryland tobacco, cigar filler and binder tobacco were not exceeded on October 1, 1938 and consequently no quotas for 1939 will be proclaimed for these tobaccos.

November 29--PUERTO RICAN SUGAR ORDER NO. 11, AMENDED. (889-39)--The Sugar Division announces an amendment to Puerto Rican Sugar Order No. 11, in which the direct consumption portion of the 1938 sugar quota for Puerto Rico was allotted.

November 30--AAA ANNOUNCES STATE FLUE-CURED TOBACCO MARKETING QUOTAS FOR 1939. (895-39)--The national marketing quota for flue-cured tobacco for the 1939-40 marketing year totaling 754,240,000 pounds was announced by the AAA for the six States producing this type of tobacco.

November 30--PROPOSED PROGRAM FOR GEORGIA PEACHES APPROVED BY WALLACE. (898-39)--Secretary Wallace tentatively approved a marketing agreement program which would regulate the handling in interstate commerce of peaches produced in southern and central Georgia. The proposed program includes regulations which would require that peaches shipped in interstate commerce meet maturity requirements according to U.S. standards. It also provides for limitation of shipments of peaches by grade and size, either of which could be made operative as market conditions warrant.

December 1--ECONOMIC PROGRESS AND SOUTHEAST AGRICULTURE. (893-39)--Secretary Wallace addresses Triple-A committeemen of North Carolina at a meeting held at Raleigh. Secretary Wallace pointed to the improved living conditions and economic position of farmers in the Southeast area since 1932 as a result of the various agricultural and industrial programs.

December 1--RAILROADS STATE INABILITY TO GRANT LOWER FREIGHT RATES ON ORANGES AND GRAPEFRUIT. (900-39)--Railroads indicate to Secretary Wallace that they cannot make an emergency reduction in freight rates which were requested to encourage the marketing of this season's big crop of oranges and grapefruit.

December 1--REGULATIONS ISSUED FOR MARKETING BURLEY AND DARK TYPE TOBACCOS. (904-39)--The Triple-A announces regulations covering the marketing of Burley tobacco and fire-cured and dark air-cured tobacco for the 1938-39 marketing season in accordance with marketing quota provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.

December 1--FSCC ANNOUNCES PLANS FOR 20 MILLION WHEAT EXPORT TO UNITED KINGDOM. (906-39)--The Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation announces arrangements for the sale to American exporters of 20 million bushels of United States wheat for delivery to flour mills in the United Kingdom, under the wheat export program announced by Secretary Wallace August 29, 1938.



December 2--TWENTY-FIVE KANSAS COUNTIES IN '39 COMMERCIAL CORN AREA. (911-39)--The AAA announces that 25 Kansas counties will be included in the 1939 commercial corn area. These 25 counties, **with** those designated in 11 other Corn Belt States, comprise a total of 584 counties for the 1939 commercial corn area in United States.

December 2--FSCC TO BUY FRESH GRAPEFRUIT. (914-39)--The Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation is authorized to buy surplus grapefruit for distribution to families on relief rolls, under a program designed to remove excessive supplies of this fruit from regular trade channels.

December 3--PREMIUM PAYMENTS ON WHEAT INSURANCE NUMBER MORE THAN 103,000 ON DEC. 1. (917-39)--Federal Crop Insurance Corporation announces receipt of 103,000 premium payments on wheat crop insurance policies up to December 1. Most of the payments came from winter wheat growers in Midwestern and Great Plains states where the deadline for payments was November 19.

December 3--HEARING ON FLORIDA CITRUS MARKETING AGREEMENT PROPOSAL SET FOR DEC. 12. (927-39)--The Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements announces a public hearing on a proposed marketing agreement program designed to regulate shipments of Florida citrus fruits in interstate commerce and to Canada. The hearing will be held at 10:00 a.m., December 12, at Lakeland, Florida. The program provides for grade and size shipping regulations for all oranges, grapefruit and tangerines and a special volume regulation for all Valencia type oranges.

December 3--OMAHA-COUNCIL BLUFFS MILK HEARING SET FOR DECEMBER 15. (928-39) --The Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements announces a public hearing December 15, 1938, at Omaha, on a proposed marketing agreement and order program applicable to the Council Bluffs, Iowa milk marketing area.

December 3--1938-39 BURLEY MARKETING QUOTA APPORTIONED AMONG STATES. (930-39)--The Triple-A announces apportionment among the 15 Burley tobacco producing States of the 1938-39 Burley tobacco marketing quota of 356,842,500 pounds.

December 3--SECRETARY WALLACE ANNOUNCES SUGAR QUOTAS FOR 1939. (932-39)--Secretary Wallace announces the total supply of sugar required to meet consumers' needs for 1939 to be 6,832,157 short tons, raw value, which corresponds to per capita consumption in 1935 and 1936.



1412  
HAWW

LIBRARY  
★ DEC 17 1938 ★  
U. S. Department of Agriculture

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

Volume 1. No. 37.

December 12, 1938

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

---

The following press releases, relating to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, the Sugar Division, and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements, were issued during the week ending December 9. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title.

December 5--SUGAR STATISTICS FOR FIRST TEN MONTHS OF 1938 ANNOUNCED BY SUGAR DIVISION. (934-39)--Statistics for the first ten months of 1938, from reports obtained from cane sugar refiners, beet sugar processors and others on total so-called visible deliveries of direct-consumption sugar by manufacturers and importers amounting to 5,478,774 short tons, raw value. These deliveries are not the same as total deliveries by wholesalers and retailers. The release also carries statistics on visible deliveries of direct consumption sugar by manufacturers in 1935, 1936, and 1937.

December 5--TO REOPEN HEARING ON LOWELL-LAWRENCE MILK MARKETING AGREEMENT. (935-39)--Announcement that a public hearing on a proposed marketing agreement and order for handlers of milk in the Lowell-Lawrence milk marketing area would be reopened December 12, 1938, at Lawrence. The first session of the hearing was held at Dracut, Mass., October 14, 1938. Additional evidence on conditions and considerations affecting prices were to be presented at the reopened hearing.

December 5--GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS SPACE FOR WHEAT INSURANCE RESERVE. (937-39) A Federal Crop Insurance Corporation announcement that it had obtained space in 57 bonded warehouses for storing its reserve of winter wheat. Acquisition of the warehouses gives the Corporation storage facilities in 10 states. The space under contract will hold approximately 8,000,000 bushels of grain. The Corporation expects to negotiate for storage space in other warehouses which would be close at hand for storing spring wheat.

December 6--SUGAR DIVISION ISSUES DATA ON "INVISIBLE"-SUGAR STOCKS. (944-39) --A Sugar Division summary of "invisible" supplies of sugar in the United States and a record of receipts and deliveries for the third quarter of 1938, June 30 - September 30, compiled from reports received from 1,321 manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.

December 7--JANUARY-NOVEMBER SUGAR QUOTA ENTRIES ANNOUNCED. (948-39)-- The eleventh monthly report on the status of the 1938 sugar quotas which shows that the quantity of sugar shipped against the quotas for off-shore areas including the full-duty countries, during the period January-November, amounted to 4,568,544 short tons, raw value. Importation of an additional 198,495 tons will exhaust the quotas for such areas in 1938.



December 8--SUGAR DIVISION ANNOUNCES REVISED ALLOTMENTS TO PUERTO RICAN PROCESSORS. (958-39)-- The Sugar Division announces the allotment to individual Puerto Rican processors of 5,933 short tons of sugar, raw value, as the result of the reallocation of the 1938 Hawaiian and Virgin Island deficits of 34,794 short tons, announced November 15, 1938.

December 9--HEARING SET FOR DECEMBER 14 ON PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO ST. LOUIS MILK AGREEMENT. (965-39)--Announcement of a public hearing to be held December 14, 1938 at St. Louis to consider amendments proposed for the milk marketing agreement and order program to regulate the handling of milk in the St. Louis, Mo. marketing area.

---S---



118-  
22-1111

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

Volume 1. No. 38

December 19, 1938

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

---

The following press releases, relating to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements, were issued during the week ending December 17. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title.

December 12--UNOFFICIAL RETURNS OF QUOTA REFERENDUMS. (985-39)--Preliminary and unofficial returns on cotton, flue-cured tobacco, and rice referendums on the question of marketing quotas for these crops in 1939 are announced by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration. Preliminary returns show that cotton farmers have voted for marketing quotas for 1939 by considerably more than the two-thirds majority necessary to put the quotas in effect. More than 84 percent of the farmers voted in favor of marketing quotas for cotton. First returns indicate that 56.9 percent of the farmer-vote favored marketing quotas for flue-cured tobacco and 47.9 percent favored quotas for rice.

December 12. (986-39)--Secretary Wallace pointed out that the decisions made by farmers in the cotton, flue-cured tobacco, and rice referendums provided a clear-cut example of economic democracy in the operation of the new farm program. This is made possible under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 which provides that when supplies of five basic commodities go above specified levels, producers must have an opportunity to determine whether they want to supplement conservation and acreage adjustment measures of the program with more positive control in the form of marketing quotas.

December 13--THE WHEAT PROBLEM OF THE UNITED STATES. (Address delivered at Winnipeg, Manitoba, on December 13, 1938, at 10:30 A.M., C.S.T., by R. M. Evans, Administrator of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.) (963-39)--Mr. Evans pointed out that the wheat problem must be considered in the light of the world wheat situation, because the United States is and always has been a surplus-producing nation.

December 14--FSCC AUTHORIZED TO BUY ORANGES. (992-39)--The Department of Agriculture announces a purchase program under which the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation is authorized to buy surplus oranges to remove excessive supplies of this fruit from commercial channels of trade. The oranges bought will be turned over to State relief agencies for distribution to needy families.



December 14--FSCC EXTENDS MILK BUYING IN BOSTON MARKETING AREA. (1001-39)

--The Department of Agriculture announces that the purchase of surplus fluid milk in the Greater Boston, Mass., milk marketing area by the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation has been extended to cover the period from December 12, 1938 through June 30, 1939. The new authorization permits continuance of surplus milk purchase operations which began October 14, 1937 in the Boston area. The purchase of up to 20 million quarts of surplus fluid milk is authorized under the new program and the milk bought by the Corporation will be donated to local relief agencies for distribution to needy families.

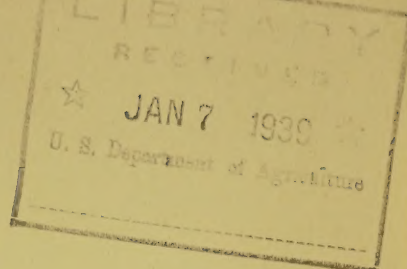
December 14--WHEAT AND FLOUR EXPORT SALES 71,400,000 TO DECEMBER 10.

(998-39) -- The Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements of the Department of Agriculture announces sales of wheat and flour for export from the United States totaled approximately 71,400,000 bushels from July 1, 1938 to December 10, 1938. Approximately 42 million bushels of this total quantity have been exported thus far. The release points out that of the total quantity sold for export, 47,100,000 bushels have been sold through the assistance of the federal export subsidy program. Wheat sales represent about 88 percent of the total, and sales of flour 12 percent. Under the plan the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation buys wheat from regular grain dealers and producers on domestic markets and sells it to exporters at prices which will enable United States wheat to maintain its relative position in world markets.



1.42  
dd4W

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION



Volume 1. No. 39.

December 27, 1938.

WEEKLY SUMMARY: AAA PRESS RELEASES

---

The following press releases, relating to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, the Sugar Division and the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements, were issued during the week ending December 24. A copy of any of the releases may be obtained by ordering it by the number which follows the title.

December 19--Statement by Secretary Wallace on results of marketing quota referendums covering cotton, rice and three kinds of tobacco which were held December 10 and December 17. (1030-39)--The Secretary pointed out that the voting has demonstrated that a referendum is a practicable means of determining the sentiment of farmers on marketing quotas, and that the results of the referendums this year proved the absurdity of charges that the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 imposes a dictatorship on farmers.

December 20--SUGAR DELIVERIES FOR FIRST ELEVEN MONTHS OF 1938, ANNOUNCED BY SUGAR DIVISION. (1035-39)--Preliminary statement by the Sugar Division on the so-called visible deliveries of direct consumption sugar by manufacturers and importers during the month of November, and stocks held by refiners November 30. The statement gives preliminary figures for November and the totals for the first 11 months of 1938 as compared with revised 1937 figures. Total January-November deliveries for 1938 were 5,978,751 short tons, compared with 6,139,570 for the same period in 1937.

December 20--PUBLIC HEARINGS SCHEDULED ON UNITED STATES SUGAR BEET WAGES, PROCESSOR CONTRACTS. (1039-39)--Payment of fair wages and prices are among requirements for conditional payments to sugar beet growers under the Sugar Act of 1937. The Sugar Division announces that public hearings will be held during January, 1939, on labor rates and grower-processor contracts in various domestic sugar beet areas except California, where such hearings already have been held. The release lists the scheduled hearings.

December 21--CONSER NAMED DIRECTOR, DODD ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, OF WESTERN DIVISION OF AAA. (1043-39)--R. M. Evans, AAA Administrator, announces the appointment of C. C. Conser as director, and Norris E. Dodd of Haines, Oregon, as assistant director of the Western Division of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration. Mr. Conser, who has been assistant director of the Western Division succeeds George E. Farrell who recently was appointed associate director of the Division of Marketing and Marketing Agreements of the Department of Agriculture. Mr. Dodd was chairman of the Oregon State AAA Committee.

December 29--PUBLIC POLICIES IN INFORMATION DEVELOPED BY THE AAA. (1047-39)--A paper to be presented by Alfred D. Stedman, Assistant Administrator of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, at a round-table discussion before a meeting of the American Political Science Association at Columbus, Ohio, December 29, 1938. It is for release for publication in the afternoon papers of that date.

